## GCSE ELECTRONICS Sample Assessment Materials

3. (a) Electronic sub-systems can be classed as either sensing, signal processing or output sub-systems.

For example, a transducer driver is a **signal processing** sub-system.

Here are five other sub-systems:

NAND gate solenoid unit latch lamp unit switch unit

Complete the table by adding the name of each sub-system in the correct column. [3]

AO<sub>2</sub>

Sensing sub-system	Signal processing	Output sub-system
	transducer driver	

(b) Design an electronic system for road works on a motorway. The road works often go on for many miles so hazard warning lamps are placed alongside the road works to warn drivers of the dangers.

## Specification for the system

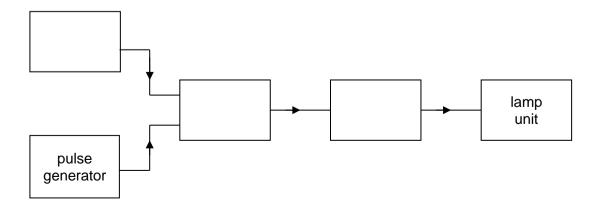
The lamps:

- need to switch on when it gets dark
- flash on and off continuously
- switch off when it gets light.

The following sub-systems are available.

lamp unit light sensing unit OR gate thyristor buzzer unit time delay temperature sensing unit AND gate **MOSFET** Select the correct sub-systems to complete the block diagram design. [3] AO 3



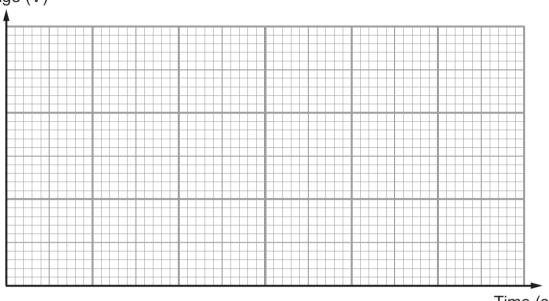


- (c) The pulse generator is constructed from a 555 IC which has a mark-space ratio of 3:1 and a frequency of 2 Hz. On the grid below:
  - draw two cycles of the output of the astable

[3] AO 1

- clearly label the mark and space
- add a suitable scale to the time axis.



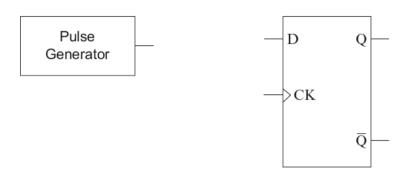


Time (s)

9

0.	ıesti	ion		Markin	ng details		Marks a	vailable		
	iesti	1011		IVIAI KII	ig details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths
3	а		Sensing subsystems	Signal processing	Output subsystems					
			Switch Unit	Transducer driver	Lamp Unit					
				Latch	Solenoid Unit					
				NAND Gate						
			each correct column	(1) (no half marks)			3		3	
	b		Pulse Generator	AND Gate MOSFI	ET Lamp Unit				0	
			each correct sub-sys	stem (1)				3	3	
	C			of Mark & Space (1)	Time (S)	3			3	3
			Question 3 total			3	3	3	9	3

**3.** A D-type flip-flop can be used as a one-bit counter.



(a) Complete the diagram of the one-bit counter:

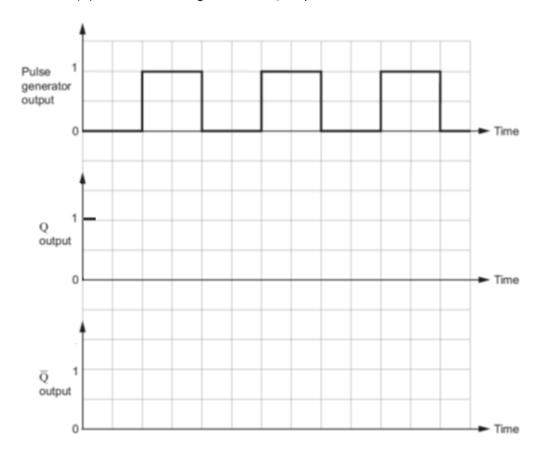
- [2] AO 1
- (i) by adding the connections required on the diagram;
- (ii) by connecting the pulse generator.
- (b) The D-type flip-flop is rising-edge triggered.

On the graphs below:

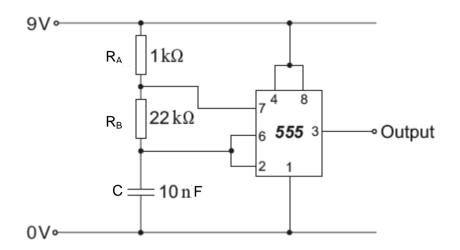
- (i) Label a rising-edge on the pulse generator output.
- [1] AO 1
- (ii) The Q output is initially at logic level 1. Complete its signal.
- [2] AO 2

(iii) Draw the signal at the  $\overline{Q}$  output.

[1] AO 1



(c) The pulse generator is made from the following 555 circuit sub-system.



Select and use a formula to calculate the output frequency.

ΑO	1

[3]

AO 2

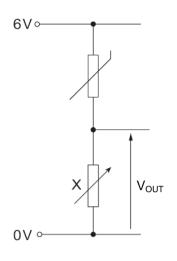
frequency = .....Hz

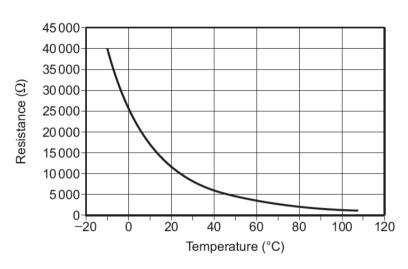
9

	uooti		Mayking details		М	arks availa	ble	
Q	uesti	on	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths
σ	а		Pulse Generator  (ii)  CK					
		i ii	Connection required from D to $\overline{\mathbb{Q}}$ (1) Connection from pulse generator to CK (1)	2			2	
	Ь	iiiiii	Pulse 1 generator output  Q output  Q output  (ii)  Time  Time					
			Notes:  i) Allow a mark for any correct rising edge identified (1) ii) Falling edge on first rising edge (1) Transitions on remaining two rising edges (1) iii) Q output as the inverse of Q, allow e.c.f. for incorrect Q (1)	1	1 1		4	

0	uestion	Marking details		Marks available		ble	
Question		Marking details	AO1	O1 AO2 AO3 Total	Total	Maths	
3	С	Selection of $f = \frac{1.44}{(R_1 + 2R_2)C}$ (1)	1				
		Substitution of $f = \frac{1.44}{(1000+44000)\times10\times10^{-9}}$ (1)		1			
		f = 3200Hz (1)		1		3	2
		Question 3 Total	5	4	0	9	2

**8.** Here is the circuit diagram for a temperature sensing unit and the characteristic curve for the thermistor.





(a) (i) State the resistance of the thermistor at  $0 \, ^{\circ}$ C.

[1] AO 2

(ii) The variable resistor is set at a resistance of  $5\,\mathrm{k}\Omega$ . Calculate  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  at 0 °C. [3]

	AO	1
ĺ	AO	2

V <sub>0</sub> , , = \( \times_{0}^{\times_{0}} \)			
Volt = V	١./	•	
	Valit	=	v

(b) What happens to V<sub>OUT</sub> when the temperature increases? [1]

(c)	At 40 °C, V <sub>OUT</sub> needs to be 5.4 V. Determine the new resistance of the variable resistor at 40 °C.	<b>Γ</b> Δ1	AO 1
	variable resistor at 40°C.	ניין	AO 2

$$\text{resistance} = \dots \dots k\Omega$$

- (d) The temperature sensor is now connected to a MOSFET. When the temperature is 40 °C a fan is switched on which produces cool air. The fan draws a current of 3 A.
  - (i) Determine the minimum value of  $g_M$  for the MOSFET. [2]

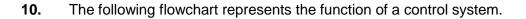
$$g_m = \dots S$$

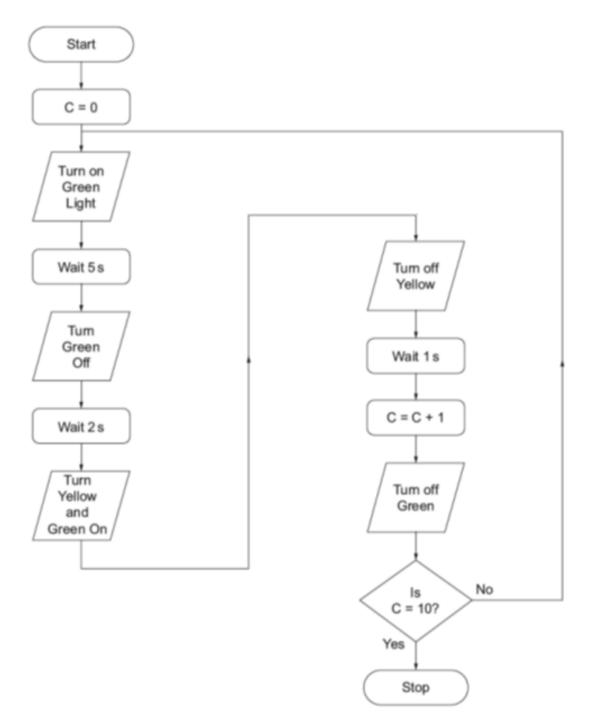
(ii) Complete the circuit diagram below to show the final design of the cooling system. [2]



AO 3

Question Marking details		Marking datails		Marks a	vailable				
		OII	_	AO1			AO1 AO2 AO3 Total		Maths
8	а	i	25 000 $\Omega$ (accept 25 k $\Omega$ ) ±500 $\Omega$		1		1		
		ii	Correct equation (1) $V_{OUT} = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \times V_{IN}$	1					
			Substitution / correct multipliers (1) $V_{OUT} = \frac{5k}{5k+25k} \times 9$ Answer (1) = 1.5 V	1					
			(accept alternative solutions of ratios or using current divider)		1		3	2	
	b		the output voltage increases.		1		1		
	С		Correct equation (1) $V_{OUT} = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \times V_{IN}$	1					
			Substitution / correct multipliers (1) $5.4 = \frac{R_2}{6k+R_2} \times 9$						
			Manipulation (1) $5.4(6k + R_2) = 9R_2$ $32.4k + 5.4R_2 = 9R_2$		1				
			$32.4k = 9R_2 - 5.4R_2$ $R_2 = \frac{32.4k}{4.6}$						
			Answer (1) = $9k\Omega$		1 1		4	3	
	d	i	Selection and manipulation $I_D = g_M(V_{GS} - 3)$						
			$3 = g_{M} \times (5.4-3)$ $g_{M} = \frac{3}{(5.4-3)}  (1)$						
			Answer = $1.25  \text{S}$ (1)		2		2	2	
		ii	9 V o Fan  O V o Correct components (1)						
			Correct connection of components (1)			2	2	2	
			Question 8 total	3	8	2	13	9	





The specification for the system is:

- The light sequence starts when limit switch A is pressed
- The light sequence must operate as follows:
  - o The green light is switched on for 5 seconds before being switched off
  - o 2 seconds later the yellow and green lights are switched on
  - After 3 seconds the yellow light is switched off
  - 1 second later the green light is switched off
- The light sequence must repeat 12 times

Evaluate the function of the system shown in the flowchart against the spec	cification and
suggest any improvements required to fully meet the specification.	[6 QER] A
END OF PAPER	
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Question	Marking dotails		Marks	available		
Question	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths
10	Indicative content:  Evaluation identifies the three functions which do not meet the requirements of the specification:  • there is no reference to limit switch A to initiate the sequence  • the system does not wait for 3 seconds before switching the yellow light off  • the light sequence repeats 10 times rather than 12 times as required  The candidate has provided suggestions for improvement:  • decision command to check switch A  • to include a 3 second delay after the yellow light is switched on  • to change the number in the count from 10 to 12					
	5-6 marks The candidate's evaluation identifies all three shortfalls of the system and details how those can be successfully overcome, including the amendments needed and their position in the flowchart.  There is a sustained line of reasoning which is coherent, substantiated and logically structured. The information included in the response is relevant to the argument.					

Ougstion	Mayling dataila		Marks	available		
Question	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths
	3-4 marks The candidate's evaluation identifies two shortfalls of the system and details how those can be successfully overcome, specifying the location of those amendments in the flowchart.					
	There is a line of reasoning which is partially coherent, supported by some evidence and with some structure. Mainly relevant information is included in the response but there may be some minor errors or the inclusion of some information not relevant to the argument.					
	1-2 marks The candidate's evaluation identifies one shortfall of the system and details how that can be successfully overcome, specifying the location of the amendment in the flowchart.					
	There is a basic line of reasoning which is not coherent, supported by limited evidence and with very little structure. There may be significant errors or the inclusion of information not relevant to the argument.					
	Mo attempt made or complete misunderstanding of the program.					
	Response not creditworthy or not attempted.			6		
	Question 10 total	0	0	6	0	0
	TOTAL	35	35	10	80	22

Eduqas GCSE Electronics SAMs from 2017/ED 25/11/16