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#### **GCSE LATIN**

### **COMPONENT 2: LATIN LITERATURE AND SOURCES (THEMES)**

## **Marking instructions for Component 2**

- Credit should be given for answers which address the question, however cryptically expressed.
- For questions that are objective or are points-based, there might well be alternative answers worthy of reward.
- For evaluative questions which are marked using band descriptors (i.e. the 16-mark questions in this component) follow the instructions above the assessment grid.
- Decide on separate marks for AO2 and AO3, write them to the left of the right hand margin and place the total in the box in the margin.
- The mark scheme for these evaluative questions contains indicative content. It is not necessary for learners to include all this content in order to achieve the highest band.
- It is possible (and in fact common) for learners to achieve marks in different bands for AO2 and AO3, for responses to evaluative questions.

## Theme A: A Day at the Races

				AO2	AO3
<b>1.</b> (a)	(i)	B (green)	[1]	1	
	(ii)	Any two of the following:  he had dinner in the stable he stayed/slept in the stable he gave the driver/ Eutychus a huge sum of money/ 2,000,000 sesterces			
			[2]	2	
(b)		they made sure that the neighbourhood was quiet	[1]	1	
(c)		they were in the name of a horse/ the horse invited the guests	[1]	1	
(d)		traditur: he says 'so it is said/so we are told' (rather than stating it as a fact)  OR etiam: it is even said that he planned to give him a consulship (or sim.)	[2]	1	1

**Total marks for Question 1: [7]** 

			AO2	AO3
<b>2.</b> (a)	Victoria: breaking palms			
	Favor: beating (bare) breasts with (savage) hands			
	Gloria: burning/ consigning to flames her (crowned) hair	[6]	6	
(b)	yoking/driving the black horses → the horses of death/ the Underworld soon/ early → young (Latin <b>not</b> required)			
	Translation (e.g. 'too soon you yoke/drive the black horses') without interpretation = 1	[2]		2
(c)	Any <b>two</b> of the following pairs, or other valid comments /refs to the text:			
	the turning-post in a race [1] ~ the turning-point of his life [1]			
	he always came quickly/ close to the turning-post/ took the turning very close [1] ~ the end of his life also came too soon/ was too close [1]			
	similar sound/position of <i>properata</i> and <i>prope</i> [1] → pun between meanings [1]			
	opposite position of <i>curribus</i> and <i>tuae</i> [1] $\rightarrow$ emphatic contrast/suspense [1]			
	use of rhetorical question → invites the reader's involvement/sympathy	[4]		4

# **Total marks for Question 2: [12]**

			AO2	AO3
<b>3</b> (a)	being interested in the speed of the horses [1] or the skill of the men [1]	[2]	2	
(b)	Any <b>three</b> of the following, or other convincing examples: award 1 for each valid feature in the <b>Latin</b> + 1 for plausible interpretation of effect.			
	favent panno/pannum amant : tautology (+ chiasmus)  → all they are interested in is the tunic			
	si hic color transferatur, studium favorque transibit : parallel structure			
	→ emphasises how easily the spectators' support can shift			
	agitatores illos equos illos, quos noscitant, quorum nomina relinquent :			
	repetition of <i>illos</i> + <i>quos/quorum</i> → emphasises how shallow is the spectators' support			
	tanta gratia tanta auctoritas (anaphora) → the overwhelming effect of the different tunics			
	una vilissima tunica : superlative + use of una → how awful! how ridiculous!	[6]		6

Total marks for Question 3: [8]

				AO2	AO3
<b>4.</b> (a)	(i)	each team wore a different colour	[1]	1	
	(ii)	Any <b>two</b> of: whip helmet/hat ropes/reins tied round the chest long boots grieves	-		
		(NOT chest plates, protective clothing, body armour)	[2]	2	
(b)		Any <b>three</b> of the following, or other plausible interpretations of the picture:  two chariots have collided/ run into each other especially common at the <i>meta</i> / turn/ corner horse(s) rearing up in terror/ going in the wrong direction another horse lying dead/injured on the ground bits of chariots coming apart charioteer on LHS lying injured/ dead on the ground charioteer on RHS struggling to compose himself/ weeping/ injured third figure perhaps = one of the rescue team coming to sort out the mess	[3]		3

# Total marks for Question 4: [6]

			AO2	AO3
<b>5.</b> (a)	ingenti mole (both words essential)	[1]	1	
(b)	B (The Chimaera no longer has a helmsman)			
	C (Cloanthus is now in the lead)			
	3 ticks (2 correct + 1 wrong) = 1 mark only. 4 or more ticks = 0.	[2]	2	
(c)	Any <b>three</b> of the following, or other convincing examples: award 1 for each valid feature in the <b>Latin</b> + 1 for plausible interpretation of effect.			
	use of Historic Present throughout → vivid/ as if happening now/ as if we are present alliteration (e.g. C + G in line 25, S in 25 + 29, P in 27-28, V in 28): + what each e.g. emphasises build-up of noise: ingeminat clamor cuncti instigant studiis resonat fragoribus aether enjambement in 25/26, also 27/28 → non-stop excitement hi hos: clear contrast between the two teams position/assonance of proprium and partum → emphasises their pride/ competitiveness vitam volunt pro laude pacisci (striking phrase) + close translation/ interpretation hos successus alit (another striking phrase) + close translation/ interpretation of metaphor possunt quia posse videntur (neat/striking expression) + close translation/ interpretation	161		6
(d)	he promises a big sacrifice/ prays to the gods of the sea the gods/ Portunus give him a push/ make him go 'swifter than an arrow' (or sim.)	[6] [2]	2	<u> </u>

**Total marks for Question 5: [11]** 

			AO2	AO3
6.	Using the marking-grid on the following page, look for a range of positive/negative features of a day at the Circus <b>for a Roman family</b> + specific reference to relevant examples in the material available ( <b>min. 4</b> texts/pictures).			
	Credit should be given to all valid and supported opinions. Latin quotation is <b>not</b> required.			
	Positive attractions might include:			
	thrills/ excitement – e.g. the start/ at the <i>metal</i> the finish counting the laps on the eggs/dolphins the skill/ technique of the charioteers supporting your own team/ colour/ favourite driver betting meeting girl/boy-friends/ prostitutes children's races, using mini-chariots and small animals music from the band			
	Negative features might include:			
	dangers/ gruesome accidents/ deaths animal cruelty repetitive format – always the same snobs dislike mixing with the lower classes heat – no shade			
		[16]	8	8

**Total marks for Question 6: [16]** 

Total marks for Component 2 (AO2: 30 marks; AO3: 30 marks): [60]

## **Assessment of 16-mark questions**

These questions should **not** be assessed on a point-by-point basis. Rather, examiners should use the grid below to assess the extent to which responses broadly meet the following requirements:

- appropriate/relevant choice of examples from content
- convincing interpretation of the examples chosen
- argumentation/linkage between examples/drawing reasoned conclusions to make a response to the focus of the question

It is **not** expected that answers will be uniformly successful in all aspects.

Examiners should first establish which Band for each AO is most appropriate to the response as a whole, then adjust up/down within the Band to reflect particular strength/weakness in any one respect. The separate figures awarded for each AO should be displayed on the script, then added together to give the total mark for the question.

	AO2: Characteristics of performance	AO3: Characteristics of performance
Band 4	<ul> <li>7-8 marks</li> <li>shows excellent knowledge of the material available</li> <li>impressive range of examples, fully</li> </ul>	7-8 marks  • thoroughly convincing/ perceptive/ imaginative interpretation
Band 3	integrated into the argument 5-6 marks • shows sound knowledge of the material available • generally good range of examples, selected to support the argument	systematically draws conclusions     5-6 marks     generally convincing/     perceptive/ imaginative     interpretation     generally draws conclusions from the     evidence
Band 2	<ul> <li>3-4 marks</li> <li>shows some knowledge of the material available</li> <li>several appropriate examples, but they are either limited in number or not always relevant or significant</li> </ul>	3-4 marks  • some attempts at interpretation of examples, but either not always convincing or not offered for some examples  • makes some links/draws some conclusions from the evidence
Band 1	1-2 marks     shows a little knowledge of the material available     a basic range of examples relevant to the subject matter, but with many omissions	1-2 marks     slight or generally unconvincing interpretation of examples     a limited attempt to make links/draw conclusions from the evidence
	0 marks  no relevant response	0 marks     no meaningful attempt to link the question to the material

## Theme B: Youth and Education

			AO2	AO3
<b>1.</b> (a)	parents are harsh/severe young people don't understand/appreciate what they do for us	[2]	2	
(b)	we realise that they deserve to be loved by us/ they were only trying to help us even for things which we don't like about them	[2]	2	
(c)	<b>D</b> (Few parents are ever properly appreciated by their children)	[1]	1	
(d)	Any <b>one</b> of the following, or other plausible interpretations:  we can never keep up with them/ they are always one step ahead of us we feel intimidated/dominated by our parents they die too soon, before we can appreciate/ properly thank them			
	Bare translation (e.g. 'we are generally defeated/ surpassed by our parents') without any interpretation = 1	[2]		2

## **Total marks for Question 1: [7]**

			AO2	AO3
<b>2.</b> (a)	Any <b>four</b> of the following:			
	a grammaticus deserves more pay than he usually gets even experts like C and P don't receive enough 'whatever it is' (quodcumque est) → it is not very much less than the pay of a rhetor the pupil's guardian/ paedagogus takes a cut the banker/accountant takes a cut	[4]	4	
(b)	the smell they discolour/blacken the books	[2]	2	

## **Total marks for Question 2: [6]**

				AO2	AO3
<b>3.</b> (a)		Any <b>two</b> of the following:  analysing (Latin) grammar (NOT just 'Latin') reading literature Greek history geography	[2]	2	
(b)	(i)	Any <b>two</b> of the following, or other convincing points: the size/age of the pupils wearing togas small-group class using scrolls no girls present	[2]		2
	(ii)	wax tablets/ schoolbag/ lunch/ money (or other plausible suggestion)	[1]		1
(c)		the teacher has written the lines at the top which the pupil has copied below, for handwriting practice	[2]		2

**Total marks for Question 3: [7]** 

				AO2	AO3
<b>4.</b> (a)	(i)	give an example/ name someone	[1]	1	
	(ii)	he doesn't want to undermine the reputation/praise of good men by associating them with any wrongdoing	[2]	2	
(b)		Any <b>three</b> of the following, or other valid examples: award 1 for each valid feature in the <b>Latin</b> + 1 for plausible interpretation of effect.			
		multi nostra et patrum maiorumque memori : impressive triplet + alliteration hyperbole of summi et clarissimi → emphasises their quality/ contrast with their youth defervissent : reference to metaphor ('cooled/simmered down') → decreased/ceased position/exaggeration of eximiae → emphasises their worth jingle between eximiae and exstiterunt → draws attention to Cicero's positive message vosmet vobiscum (emphatic suffix + repetition): jokey remark ('you all know what I mean') fortis atque illustris viri (tautology) → emphasises the greatness of these men ne minimum quidem → Cicero wishes to hold absolutely nothing against them contrast between minimum erratum and maxima laude → even the slightest criticism would be unfair to men of such great worth	[6]		6

# Total marks for Question 4: [9]

<b>5.</b> (a)	/!\				AO2	AO3
` '	(i)	Anchises (not 'h	his father')	[1]		1
	(ii)	-	son of the man he is accompanying/ the elder CEPT 'his son' even when this is ambiguous) escendants	[2]	2	
(b)		Any <b>four</b> of the from each categ	following, or other convincing points: minimum 1 gory.			
		thei → p his i blac	rounded by companions ir noise/excitement opular/ much liked impressive appearance/presence ck night/ black cloud/ sad shadow around his head aphor → fated to die soon/young			
		quai allite posi umb	(strepitus) ntum (instar) eration in line 6, of C or I ition of caput in line 7, between nox atra and tristi bra graphically suggests that he cannot escape death	[4]	2	2

(c)	Any <b>three</b> of the following, or other convincing examples: award 1 for each valid feature in the <b>Latin</b> + 1 for plausible interpretation of effect.		
	o gnate ne quaere → too painful to talk about heavily spondaic/ very slow lines 9-10 : very sombre/serious message ostendunt sinent : the fates will only allow a brief glimpse/ a short time in the world nimium in emphatic position : too good for the gods to allow his full potential for Rome vobis superi : daring appeal/rebuke to the gods quantos gemitus, quae funera : dramatic exclamations magnam Mavortis ad urbem → bitter/unfair contrast with the greatness of Rome quae, Tiberine recentem : even the river will join in the mourning		6
(d)	A (Marcellus' ancestors are related to the Trojan race)  E (Italy will never boast so much about any of its offspring)  3 ticks (2 correct + 1 wrong) = 1 mark only. 4 or more ticks = 0.	[2]	

## **Total marks for Question 5: [15]**

			AO2	AO3
6.	Using the marking-grid on the following page, look for links <b>between Roman education/upbringing and adult life</b> + specific reference to relevant examples in the material available ( <b>min. 4</b> texts/pictures).			
	Credit should be given to all valid and supported opinions. Latin quotation is <b>not</b> required.			
	Aspects which were good preparation for adult life might include: emphasis on speech-making: very useful for prospective lawyers or politicians memorisation: important in a world with less emphasis on writing learning the skills of writing on papyrus + wax tablets strict discipline/ respect for elders/ hard work ethic emphasis on tradition – helps to maintain national cohesion/ social system etc. opportunity to 'network' with other upper-class types whom you might find in the Senate etc.			
	Aspects which were <b>not</b> good preparation for adult life might include:			
	emphasis on speech-making – little practical use/ only for a small range of careers limited curriculum – especially, little or no maths. or science little education for girls – regarded as primarily mothers, rather than having careers few opportunities to socialise outside your own social class – or with the opposite sex			
		[16]	8	8

**Total marks for Question 6: [16]** 

Total marks for Component 2 (AO2: 30 marks; AO3: 30 marks): [60]

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	AO2: Characteristics of performance	AO3: Characteristics of performance
Band 4	<ul> <li>7-8 marks</li> <li>shows excellent knowledge of the material available</li> <li>impressive range of examples, fully integrated into the argument</li> </ul>	7-8 marks  • thoroughly convincing/ perceptive/ imaginative interpretation  • systematically draws conclusions
Band 3	5-6 marks  • shows sound knowledge of the material available  • generally good range of examples, selected to support the argument	5-6 marks  • generally convincing/ perceptive/ imaginative interpretation  • generally draws conclusions from the evidence
Band 2	<ul> <li>3-4 marks</li> <li>shows some knowledge of the material available</li> <li>several appropriate examples, but they are either limited in number or not always relevant or significant</li> </ul>	3-4 marks  • some attempts at interpretation of examples, but <b>eithe</b> r not always convincing <b>or</b> not offered for some examples  • makes some links/draws some conclusions from the evidence
Band 1	1-2 marks     shows a little knowledge of the material available     a basic range of examples relevant to the subject matter, but with many omissions	1-2 marks     slight or generally unconvincing interpretation of examples     a limited attempt to make links/draw conclusions from the evidence
	0 marks • no relevant response	0 marks     no meaningful attempt to link the question to the material